

CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

- 1 1. A method for synchronizing a first table and a second table, comprising:
 - 2 (a) determining a threshold value amount;
 - 3 (b) synchronizing a first table with a second table; and
 - 4 (c) wherein a manner in which the synchronization is executed is based on the
 - 5 threshold value amount.
- 1 2. The method as recited in claim 1, wherein the threshold value amount is
2 indicative of an amount of value corresponding to a lack of perfect
3 synchronization between the first table and the second table.
- 1 3. The method as recited in claim 1, and further comprising rejecting the
2 synchronization if the threshold value amount is exceeded.
- 1 4. The method as recited in claim 2, wherein the components of the data being
2 synchronized have a value amount associated therewith.
- 1 5. The method as recited in claim 4, and further comprising tracking
2 occurrences of when data is not synchronized between the first table and the
3 second table, identifying the values associated with the data, and adding the
4 values to a sum to determine if the threshold value amount is exceeded.
- 1 6. The method as recited in claim 1, wherein the value is in terms of monetary
2 value.

XACTP011

- 1 7. The method as recited in claim 1, wherein the tables are components of
2 databases.
- 1 8. The method as recited in claim 7, wherein at least one of the databases is
2 persistent.
- 1 9. The method as recited in claim 1, wherein the first table and the second table
2 are synchronized utilizing the Internet.
- 1 10. The method as recited in claim 2, and further comprising determining
2 whether a user is affected by the lack of perfect synchronization between the
3 first table and the second table.
- 1 11. The method as recited in claim 2, and further comprising determining
2 whether a set of users are affected by the lack of perfect synchronization
3 between the first table and the second table.
- 1 12. The method as recited in claim 11, wherein the threshold represents an
2 average value considering a number of the users.
- 1 13. The method as recited in claim 11, and further comprising determining a
2 number of the users affected by the lack of perfect synchronization between
3 the first table and the second table.
- 1 14. The method as recited in claim 13, and further comprising rejecting the
2 synchronization if the number of the users exceeds a predetermined amount.
- 1 15. The method as recited in claim 2, and further comprising rejecting the
2 synchronization if at least one predetermined user is affected by the lack of
3 perfect synchronization between the first table and the second table.

- 1 16. The method as recited in claim 1, and further comprising rejecting the
2 synchronization if the threshold of a predetermined user is exceeded.
- 1 17. The method as recited in claim 2, and further comprising rejecting the
2 synchronization if an average amount of lack of synchronization among a
3 plurality of users exceeds a threshold.
- 1 18. The method as recited in claim 1, wherein a trigger with which the
2 synchronization is executed is based on the threshold value amount.
- 1 19. A computer program product for synchronizing a first table and a second
2 table, comprising:
3 (a) computer code for determining a threshold value amount;
4 (b) computer code for synchronizing a first table with a second table; and
5 (c) wherein a manner in which the synchronization is executed is based on the
6 threshold value amount.
- 1 20. A system for synchronizing a first table and a second table, comprising:
2 (a) logic for determining a threshold value amount;
3 (b) logic for synchronizing a first table with a second table; and
4 (c) wherein a manner in which the synchronization is executed is based on the
5 threshold value amount.
- 1 21. A method for synchronizing a first table and a second table, comprising:
2 (a) determining a threshold value amount;
3 (b) synchronizing a first table with a second table; and
4 (c) rejecting the synchronization if the threshold value amount is exceeded.
- 1 22. The method as recited in claim 21, wherein the value is in terms of monetary
2 value.

- 1 23. A computer program product for synchronizing a first table and a second
2 table, comprising:
 - 3 (a) computer program product for determining a threshold value amount;
 - 4 (b) computer program product for synchronizing a first table with a second table;
 - 5 and
 - 6 (c) computer program product for rejecting the synchronization if the threshold
7 value amount is exceeded.
- 1 24. The computer program product as recited in claim 23, wherein the value is in
2 terms of monetary value.